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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON**

ELF-MAN, LLC,

Plaintiff,

vs.

RYAN LAMBERSON,

Defendant.

No. 2:13-CV-0395-TOR

DEFENDANT LAMBERSON'S  
MOTION TO COMPEL DISCOVERY

Date: July 14, 2014

Time: 6:30 p.m.

Without Oral Argument

1 Defendant Ryan Lamberson (hereinafter, "Mr. Lamberson") moves for an  
2 Order to Compel Discovery from plaintiff. Mr. Lamberson served a Second Set of  
3 Requests for Production on April 22, 2014, consisting of three numbered requests.  
4 The subject of the requests is simple: correspondence about Mr. Lamberson with  
5 APMC LLC, the investigative company that was identified in response to the  
6 Court's Order of February 27, 2014. ECF No. 31. Plaintiff has failed to provide  
7 any of the requested documents.

8 This Motion is made pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a) and LR 37.1. The  
9 Motion is supported by the Declaration of J. Christopher Lynch and its exhibits.  
10 This Motion certifies pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(1) that defendant has in good  
11 faith conferred or attempted to confer with the plaintiff in an effort to obtain the  
12 discovery without court action. Lynch Decl. at ¶ 2. Due to the total failure of the  
13 plaintiff to provide discovery or to provide any substantive response to  
14 correspondence requesting compliance, Mr. Lamberson has chosen to bring this  
15 Motion to Compel, rather than availing himself of the telephonic conference  
16 discovery process provided as an option under the Jury Trial Scheduling Order.  
17 ECF No. 17 at p. 5. Costs, attorneys fees, and sanctions are requested pursuant to  
18 Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(5)(A) and LR 37.1(d). Mr. Lamberson requests dismissal with  
19 prejudice of the claims against him as a sanction against plaintiff, including a ruling  
20 that Mr. Lamberson is the prevailing party in the matter.  
21  
22

1           **A. The Requests for Production and the Responses**

2           The Second Set of Requests for Production comprises of three requests.  
3           Plaintiff has “responded” to the requests, but no documents were produced. Here  
4           are the three requests and the corresponding responses:

5                   **REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:** All  
6           correspondence (and included attachments and links) of plaintiff  
7           company Elf-Man, LLC with (i.e. to and from) APMC LLC regarding  
8           the investigation and prosecution of claims against Mr. Lamberson.

9                   **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:**  
10          Plaintiff objects to this request on the ground that it is overly broad,  
11          not likely to lead to discoverable evidence, and seeks material subject  
12          to the attorney-client privilege and work product protections. Without  
13          waiving these objections, Plaintiff responds to this request as follows:  
14          Defendant is aware from documents previously produced in this  
15          action that Plaintiff, through its sales agent Vision Films, Inc., has  
16          retained APMC LLC to manage its anti-piracy efforts, including but  
17          not limited to this litigation. Plaintiff’s communications with its agent  
18          that is managing this litigation are privileged and not discoverable.

19                   **REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO 30:** All correspondence  
20          (and included attachments and links) of Elf-Man, LLC’s purported  
21          agent Vision Films, Inc. with (i.e. to and from) APMC LLC regarding  
22          the investigation and prosecution of claims against Mr. Lamberson.

23                   **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:**  
24          Plaintiff objects to this request on the ground that it is overly broad,  
25          not likely to lead to discoverable evidence, and seeks material subject  
26          to the attorney-client privilege and work product protections. Without  
27          waiving these objections, Plaintiff responds to this request as follows:  
28          Defendant is aware from documents previously produced in this  
29          action that Plaintiff, through its sales agent Vision Films, Inc., has  
30          retained APMC LLC to manage its anti-piracy efforts, including but  
31          not limited to this litigation. Communications between Plaintiff’s  
32          sales agent and the agent that is managing this litigation are privileged  
33          and not discoverable.

34                   **REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO 31:** All correspondence  
35          (and included attachments and links) of plaintiff’s counsel with (i.e. to

1 and from) APMC LLC regarding the investigation and prosecution of  
claims against Mr. Lamberson.

2 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:**

3 Plaintiff objects to this request on the ground that it is overly broad,  
4 not likely to lead to discoverable evidence, and seeks material subject  
5 to the attorney-client privilege and work product protections. Without  
6 waiving these objections, Plaintiff responds to this request as follows:  
7 Defendant is aware from documents previously produced in this  
action that Plaintiff, through its sales agent Vision Films, Inc., has  
retained APMC LLC to manage its anti-piracy efforts, including but  
not limited to this litigation. Plaintiff's counsel's communications  
with Plaintiff's agent that is managing this litigation are privileged  
and not discoverable.

8 **B. Plaintiff's Objections are Waived**

9 The Court can see that no documents were provided, simply objections. But  
10 plaintiff has waived its objections because they were not timely served. *Richmark*  
11 *Corp. v. Timber Falling Consultants*, 959 F.2d 1468, 1473 (9th Cir. 1992). Even  
12 objections that the information sought is privileged or work-product are waived if  
13 not timely served. *Davis v. Fendler*, 650 F.2d 1154, 1161 (9th Cir. 1981); *United*  
14 *States v. 58.16 Acres of Land, More or Less*, 66 F.R.D. 570, 572 (E.D. Ill. 1975).  
15 Additionally, plaintiff provided no "privilege log" or other explanatory document  
16 was provided to support the claim of privilege as is required by Fed. R. Civ. P.  
17 26(b)(5)(A).

18 Fed. R. Civ. P. 34 governs Requests for Production. Mr. Lamberson served  
19 the three requests on April 22, 2014. Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(b)(2)(A) requires responses  
20 in writing within thirty days of service. The "responses" were received in the USPS  
21 on May 30, 2014, with an Oregon postmark dated May 28, 2104. Lynch Decl. at  
22 ¶ 3, Exhibit A. The responses were not otherwise served by email, FedEx, or other

1 delivery service. *Id.* at ¶ 13. Plaintiff's Certificate of Service claims the responses  
2 were "caused to be served" from Oregon on May 22, 2014, but the May 28, 2014  
3 postmark calls this into question. Service is not effective when the lawyer asks for it  
4 to be served or wishes it had been served; service is effective upon mailing. Fed. R.  
5 Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(C). This Certificate of Service does not indicate when the document  
6 was *actually mailed* – that is, *served*. LR 5.1(b) requires "an affidavit evidencing  
7 the service of the document." Consequently, the Certificate of Service is not in  
8 compliance with LR 5.1(b) because it does not "evidence" "service" of the  
9 document, i.e. mailing – the Certificate of Service only indicates the signatory's  
10 apparent direction that it be mailed on Thursday, May 22, 2014, when the postmark  
11 six days later on Wednesday May 28, 2014 indicates this was probably not the case.

12 On May 30, 2014, immediately upon receipt of the discovery responses with  
13 the curious Certificate of Service, counsel for defendant wrote counsel for plaintiff  
14 offering plaintiff an opportunity to correct the Certificate of Service. *Id.* at ¶ 11,  
15 Exhibit D. Plaintiff's counsel replied that same day confirming that she did not mail  
16 the document, nor did she have any first-hand knowledge of when the document  
17 was actually served, but insisted the Certificate of Service was nevertheless  
18 accurate. *Id.* at ¶ 12, Exhibit E. Counsel for defendant replied on that same day  
19 asking for a Declaration of the person who actually mailed the document so that the  
20 actual date of actual service could be determined. *Id.* at ¶ 13, Exhibit F. No such  
21 Declaration of the un-named assistant who mailed the document has been provided  
22 to date. *Id.* at ¶¶ 15-17.

1 On June 2, 2014 counsel for defendant spoke with Oregon attorney Carl  
2 Crowell who claimed he represented Elf-Man LLC and who explained that Ms.  
3 VanderMay would be moving to withdraw from the case, a withdrawal that was  
4 then filed June 3, 2014 as ECF No. 55. On this call with Mr. Crowell, counsel for  
5 defendant raised the issue of the curious Certificate of Service and again requested  
6 an explanation or a Declaration of the person who actually served the document. *Id.*  
7 Mr. Crowell followed up by email on June 2, 2104 asking for “a copy of the letter to  
8 Maureen on this and I will see that it is addressed.” *Id.* Counsel for defendant  
9 immediately provided the requested correspondence and explained the importance  
10 of the issue as to waiver of objections:

11 “The APMC discovery is important.... None of this can be  
12 privileged as plaintiff claims. And the May 22 Declaration of Service  
13 vs. the May 28 postmark is critical on this point. If the objections are  
14 waived, then we expect the documents immediately. If the objections  
are not waived, then we expect the privilege log immediately and our  
first order of business will be our required LR 37 conference on the  
production.”

15 *Id.* at ¶ 17, Exhibit G.

16 On June 3, 2014 Ms. VanderMay replied to Mr. Lynch’s June 2, 2014 email  
17 to Mr. Crowell. Ms. VanderMay again claimed the Certificate of Service was  
18 accurate, but without providing any Declaration from the person who mailed the  
19 document. *Id.* at ¶ 18. This was the same day that Ms. VanderMay filed her Motion  
20 to Withdraw as counsel, ECF No. 55, citing an ethical predicament prohibiting her  
21 from continuing as counsel for plaintiff.  
22

1 The bottom line is that the “responses” were received late and postmarked  
2 late and the Certificate of Service is not in compliance with LR 5.1(b). No  
3 additional Declaration has been supplied by any person with actual knowledge of  
4 the date of service. Consequently, the objections, including privilege and work-  
5 product, are waived. *Richmark Corp. v. Timber Falling Consultants*, 959 F.2d  
6 1468, 1473 (9th Cir. 1992); *Davis v. Fendler*, 650 F.2d 1154, 1161 (9th Cir. 1981).

7 **C. The Requests for Production are Within the Scope of Rule 26**

8 The Requests for Production seek correspondence about Mr. Lamberson with  
9 APMC. Mr. Lamberson has no previous relationship with APMC, so all of the  
10 requested documents would be about this lawsuit. APMC is the company identified  
11 by plaintiff in its long-delayed narrative explanation of the relationship of the  
12 plaintiff to its investigators. That explanation includes that Elf-Man, LLC has some  
13 contract with Vision Films, Inc. and that Vision Films has some contract with  
14 APMC for anti-piracy management services. APMC then has some undefined  
15 relationship with Crystal Bay Corporation of South Dakota which then somehow  
16 had German national Daniel Macek “working for” it. Mr. Macek is identified in the  
17 Initial Disclosures as “plaintiff’s primary investigator,” a witness plaintiff intends to  
18 rely upon at trial.

19 Request No. 29 seeks correspondence between AMPC and Elf-Man LLC  
20 about Mr. Lamberson. Request No. 30 seeks correspondence between APMC and  
21 Vision Films about Mr. Lamberson. Request No. 31 seeks correspondence between  
22



1 APMC and plaintiff's counsel about Mr. Lamberson. None of the requests are for  
2 correspondence between plaintiff's counsel and her client of record Elf-Man, LLC.

3 This correspondence is discoverable under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b). The  
4 documents sought include the putative "investigator" of the matter and relate to Mr.  
5 Lamberson. These documents are relevant (i) to plaintiff's claims (i.e. APMC is the  
6 "investigator"), and (ii) to Mr. Lamberson's defenses (i.e. the correspondence likely  
7 reveals admissions about the nature and extent of the investigation, and, thus, the  
8 limits thereto). All of this could lead to admissible evidence.

9 These requests for correspondence are not overly broad. Each of the three  
10 requests was narrowly tailored to include only correspondence about Mr.  
11 Lamberson and which includes APMC and its related companies.

12 **D. The Requests for Production do not Seek Privileged Information**

13 The requested correspondence is not privileged. None of the requests are for  
14 correspondence between plaintiff's counsel and her client of record Elf-Man, LLC.  
15 Counsel for defendant forewarned counsel for plaintiff that these inquiries about  
16 APMC would be served and invited a discussion of privilege from the start. Counsel  
17 for plaintiff declined to engage in such a discussion. *Id.* at ¶¶ 4-9, Exhibits B and C.

18 Plaintiff has the burden to show evidence as to each element of attorney-  
19 client privilege in order to shield such documents from discovery. *United States v.*  
20 *Munoz*, 233 F.3d 1117, 1128 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2000). Blanket assertions of privilege such as  
21 those made here by plaintiff are not proper. *Clarke v. Am. Commerce*, 974 F.2d  
22 127, 129 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1992). Plaintiff must establish the privilege as to each document



1 withheld: “[A party] must identify specific communications and the grounds  
2 supporting the privilege as to each piece of evidence over which privilege is  
3 asserted.” *United States v. Martin*, 278 F.3d 988, 1000 (9th Cir. 2002). This  
4 privilege log requirement is expressly covered in the civil rules. Fed. R. Civ. P.  
5 26(b)(5)(A). Plaintiff has provided no such privilege log and has refused to do so.

6 The Washington Supreme Court has recently ruled on the scope of privilege  
7 and work product in a case where an analogous discovery request was pending. In  
8 *Cedell v. Farmers Ins. Co. of Washington*, 176 Wn.2d 686, 295 P.3d 239, 247 (Wa.  
9 2013), Mr. Cedell claimed that his insurer Farmers had acted in bad faith in its  
10 handling of his insurance claim for fire damage. Farmers had hired coverage  
11 counsel and investigated the claim. Mr. Cedell sought a copy of the claims file,  
12 including correspondence between Famers and its coverage counsel. The  
13 Washington Supreme Court held that “Cedell is entitled to broad discovery,  
14 including, presumptively the entire claims file,” rejecting an insurance company’s  
15 argument that its entire claims file about the plaintiff was privileged or work-  
16 product.

17 Here, Mr. Lamberson does not seek correspondence between plaintiff’s  
18 counsel and its client Elf-Man, LLC. Mr. Lamberson seeks documents between  
19 plaintiff’s counsel and the investigator, plus any direct communications there may  
20 be between the investigator and the plaintiff company itself, or its alleged agent.  
21 This request is analogous to the “claims file” against Mr. Lamberson. Counsel for  
22 plaintiff owes a duty to the client, Elf-Man, LLC, not the apparent financier of the

1 matter. On this point, *Tank v. State Farm*, 105 Wn.2d 381, 388, 715 P.2d 1133 (Wa.  
2 1986) finds: “The standards of the legal profession require undeviating fidelity of  
3 the lawyer to his client. No exceptions can be tolerated.”

4 **E. Conclusion**

5 The requested documents are discoverable. Plaintiff’s objections are waived  
6 and not well taken. It is obvious the plaintiff is exceedingly reluctant to allow  
7 discovery of its investigators, unlike in a legitimate case where such discovery  
8 would be *de regueur*. Plaintiff has provided no assistance in setting the deposition of  
9 the investigators (including even failing to provide a legitimate address when  
10 challenged), and plaintiff now fails to even make a good faith response to provide  
11 written documentation from these investigators. Plaintiff’s failures to allow  
12 discovery from its principal witnesses prejudices Mr. Lamberson’s ability to defend  
13 the claims against him and to develop facts to support his counterclaims that  
14 plaintiff’s copyright should be rendered unenforceable under equity.

15 Mr. Lamberson respectfully requests and Order Compelling Discovery, and  
16 costs and attorneys fees for bringing this Motion. He also respectfully requests  
17 dismissal of the action against him with prejudice and that he be declared the  
18 prevailing party with an ability to present a request of costs and attorneys fees under  
19 17 U.S.C. § 505. The equities support such relief. Lynch Decl. at ¶¶ 1-23.

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21 //

22 //

1 DATED this 13<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2014.

2  
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4 By: s/ J. Christopher Lynch

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12 *Counsel for Defendant Ryan Lamberson*

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the 13<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2014, I caused to be electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

Maureen C. VanderMay

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